



TAKE CARE OF YOUR BODY, it's the only place YOU HAVE TO LIVE Anthony James Slusher



Elementary and Middle School Health Educator

Hi there! I'm Anthony, an Elementary and Middle School Health Educator with a craze for motivating our youth on the importance of living a healthy and active lifestyle. In my highly enthusiastic classroom, we engage in the skills, knowledge and understanding it takes to create and sustain lifelong physical, mental and emotional health. I take pride in being a Healthy Role Model for my students and hope to inspire them to do the same:) Healthy people = Happy people. Who doesn't want to be happy?

Hobbies: Yoga, Sports, Nature, Hiking, Camping, Biking, Reading, Being Grateful.

Qualities: Energetic, Motivated, Passionate.

Lesson Objectives Students will:

- 1. Quickly review the five major food groups.
- Identify the nutrients found in each food group.
- Explain the importance of each nutrient for the health of our minds and bodies.

Teachers' Note: Students should explore the lesson on the 5 food groups before participating in this one

Classroom Time: 35 minutes

Open Ended Question

Can you name some of the NUTRIENTS in the breakfast you had this morning?

The Food Groups

Foods are grouped together because they provide similar amounts of the **key** nutrients of that food group.

To meet the nutrient requirements essential for good health, you need to **eat a variety** from each of the five food groups daily, in the recommended amounts.

It is not necessary to eat from each food group at every meal.

Vegetables Trains Proteins Dairy



Fruits & Vegetables

Dietary fiber from fruits and vegetables helps reduce blood cholesterol levels and may lower the risk of heart disease.

Fiber is important for proper bowel function. It helps reduce constipation.

Diets rich in foods containing fiber may *reduce the risk* of heart disease, obesity, and type 2 diabetes.

Fruits & Vegetables

Vitamin C is important for growth and repair of all body tissue. It helps heal cuts and wounds and also keeps teeth and gums healthy.

Folate (folic acid) helps the body form red blood cells

Vitamin A keeps eyes and skin healthy and helps to protect against infections.

The **potassium** in some fruits such as bananas and prunes may help to maintain healthy blood pressure.

Partner Activity

Make a list of all the foods you can think of that are high in Vitamin C.

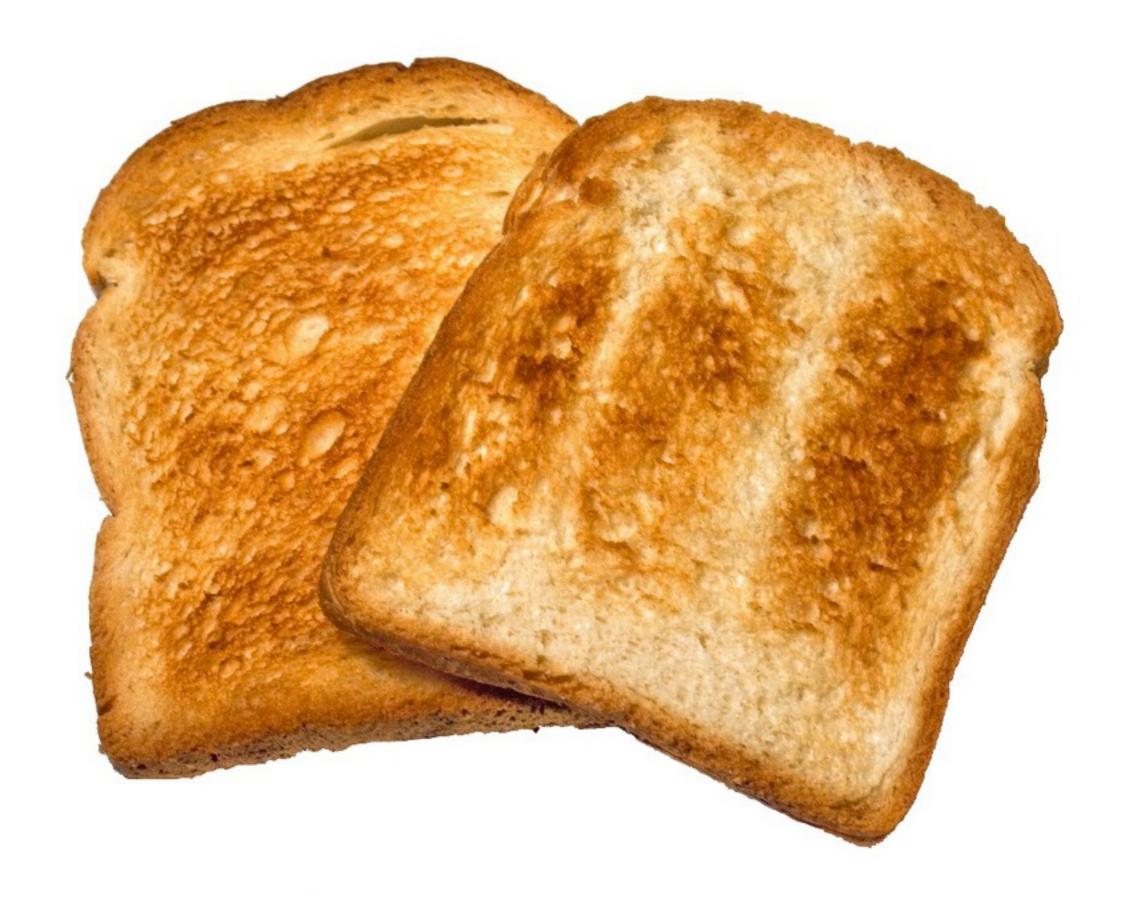


Open Ended Question

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Grains

Grains are important sources of many nutrients including **dietary fiber**, several **B vitamins** (thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, and folate), and **minerals** (iron, magnesium, and selenium).

The B vitamins play a key role in metabolism – they help the body release energy from protein, fat, and carbohydrates.



Whole grains are sources of magnesium and selenium.

Magnesium is a mineral used in building bones and releasing energy from muscles.

Selenium protects cells from oxidation. It is also important for a healthy immune system.

Open Ended Question

Why is it so important to have grains in your diet?



Proteins

Proteins function as *building blocks* for bones, muscles, cartilage, skin, and blood. They are also building blocks for enzymes, hormones, and vitamins.

B vitamins found in this food group help the body release energy, play a vital role in the function of the nervous system, aid in the formation of red blood cells, and help build tissue.

Proteins

Zinc is necessary for biochemical reactions and helps the immune system function properly.

Many teenage girls and boys have irondeficiency anemia. They should eat foods high in iron accompanied by foods rich in vitamin C, which can improve absorption of iron.



Dairy

Consumption of dairy products is linked to improved bone health, and may reduce the risk of osteoporosis, thanks to the high levels of **Calcium**.

The intake of calcium is especially important during childhood and adolescence, when bone mass is being built.

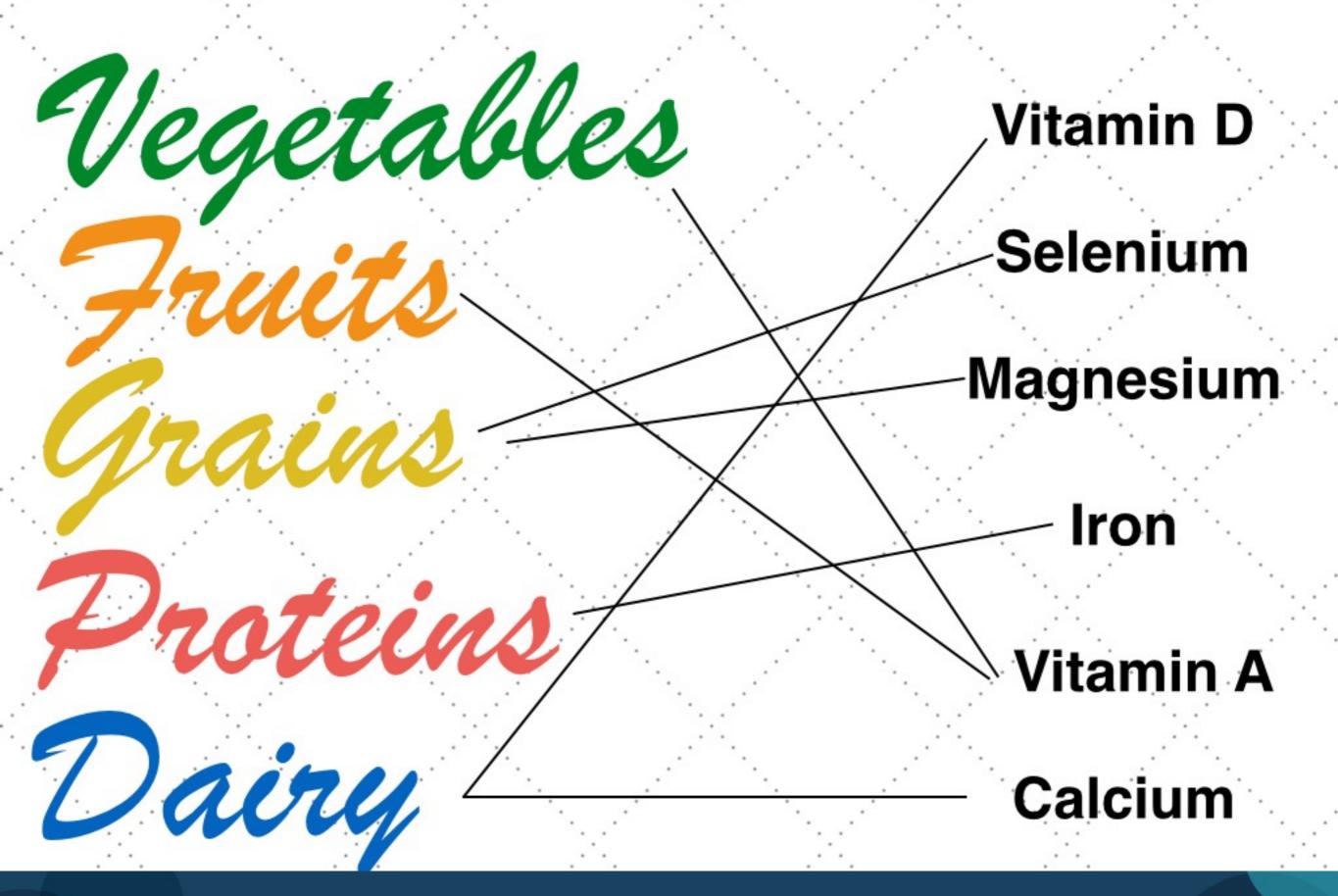
The **Vitamin D** in dairy helps your body maintain proper levels of calcium and phosphorous, thereby aiding in the building and maintenance of bones.

Draw It

Match each nutrient to the food group(s) that provide it.

Vegetables Vitamin D Selenium Magnesium Iron Vitamin A Dairy Calcium

ANSWERS



Slideshow

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Dietary _____ from fruits and vegetables helps reduce blood cholesterol levels and may lower the risk of heart disease.

- grains
- fiber
- acid
- sugar

Which vitamin that is found mostly in fruits is important for growth and repair of all body tissue, helps heal cuts and wounds, and keeps teeth and gums healthy?

- Vitamin A
- Vitamin B
- Vitamin C
- Vitamin D

Which vitamin found mostly in fruits and vegetables keeps eyes and skin healthy and helps to protect against infections?

- Vitamin A
- Vitamin B
- Vitamin C
- Vitamin D

Finish this sentence: Iron, found in most proteins, is ______.

- important for proper bowel function
- a mineral used in building bones
- used to carry oxygen in the blood

True or False. Whole grains are sources of magnesium and selenium.



False

True or False. B vitamins help the body release energy, play a vital role in the function of the nervous system, aid in the formation of red blood cells, and help build tissue.



False

The intake of this nutrient is especially important during childhood and adolescence, when bone mass is being built.

- Fiber
- Folate
- Calcium



Credits

<u>revedavion.com</u> - "Bread Toasts" - https://www.flickr.com/photos/ francoisroche/2584062428/

The Meeting Place North- "Fruits and Vegetables"- https://www.flickr.com/photos/themeetingplacenorth/4112011298/

Food Food CK- "The Meat and Wine Co"- https://www.flickr.com/photos/84209411@N04/7911663860

Hobvias sudoneighm- "Cute Little Milk"- https://www.flickr.com/photos/striatic/131012552/

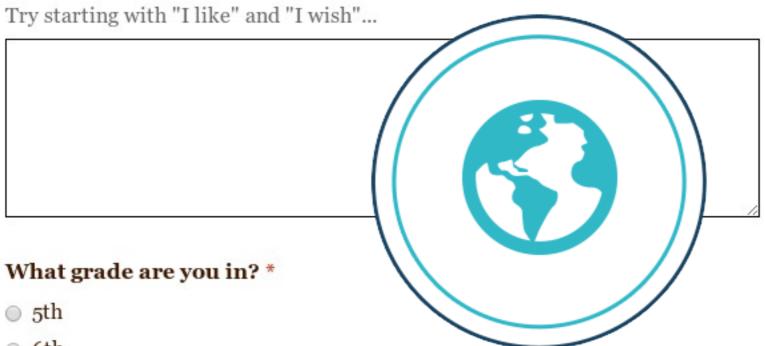
Nutrients in Your Food



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